
Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

**Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
June 30, 2019**

Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-8
Basic Financial Statements	
Agency-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Activities	10
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	11
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	14
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	16
Statement of Cash Flows	17
Fiduciary Fund - Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	18
Notes to Financial Statements	19-35
Required Supplemental Information	36
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	37
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Education Fund	38
Schedule of the Agency's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	39
Schedule of Pension Contributions	40
Schedule of the Agency's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	41
Schedule of OPEB Contributions	42
Notes to Required Supplemental Information	43
Other Supplemental Information	44
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	45
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	46
Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness	47
Federal Awards Supplemental Information	Issued Under Separate Cover

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education
Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency (the "Agency") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Board of Education
Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 23, 2019 on our consideration of Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



October 23, 2019

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency's (the "Agency") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Agency's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Agency's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those financial statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency financially as a whole. The agency-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole Agency, presenting both an aggregate view of the Agency's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the Agency's operations in more detail than the agency-wide financial statements by providing information about the Agency's most significant funds, the General Fund and the Special Education Fund, as well as information on the Agency's debt service, capital project, enterprise, and internal service funds. The remaining statement, the statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities, presents financial information about activities for which the Agency acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents. This report is composed of the following elements:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Agency-wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statements

Required Supplemental Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Education Fund

Schedule of the Agency's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Schedule of Pension Contributions

Schedule of the Agency's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

Schedule of OPEB Contributions

Other Supplemental Information

Reporting the Agency as a Whole - Agency-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the Agency's financial statements, report information on the Agency as a whole and its activities. We prepare these statements to include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Agency's net position, the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, as reported in the statement of net position. The relationship between revenue and expenses is the Agency's operating results. However, the Agency's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the Agency.

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental activities for the Agency, which encompass all of the Agency's services, including instruction, support services, and community services. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the Agency's Fund Financial Statements

The Agency's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Agency as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the Agency establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The governmental and proprietary funds of the Agency use the following accounting approach:

Governmental Funds

The General Fund, Special Education Fund, General Education Capital Projects Fund, Special Education Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Fund are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the Agency and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Agency's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

Proprietary Funds

The Agency has one enterprise fund and one internal service fund that are reported as proprietary funds. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting, just as in the agency-wide statements described above.

Reporting the Agency's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The Agency has certain fiduciary responsibility for its Student Activities Agency Fund. All of the Agency's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities. We exclude these activities from the Agency's other financial statements because the Agency cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Agency is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Agency as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the Agency as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the Agency's net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	(in millions)		(in millions)	
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 27.0	\$ 24.4	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.2
Capital assets	26.3	27.0	-	-
Total assets	53.3	51.4	0.3	0.2
Deferred Outflows of Resources	41.5	22.7	0.7	0.4
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	13.0	12.5	-	-
Noncurrent liabilities	127.7	114.4	1.8	1.5
Total liabilities	140.7	126.9	1.8	1.5
Deferred Inflows of Resources	16.6	8.1	0.3	0.2
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	21.0	19.0	-	-
Restricted	0.4	0.3	-	-
Unrestricted	(83.9)	(80.2)	(1.1)	(1.1)
Total net position	\$ (62.5)	\$ (60.9)	\$ (1.1)	\$ (1.1)

The above analysis focuses on net position. The change in net position of the Agency's governmental activities is discussed below. The Agency's governmental net position was \$(62.5) million at June 30, 2019. Net investment in capital assets totaling \$21.0 million compares the original cost, less depreciation of the Agency's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Agency's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of governmental activities net position (\$(83.9) million) and the business-type activities net position (\$(1.1) million) was unrestricted.

The \$(83.9) million in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. Without GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75, total net position would be \$32.8 million. The unrestricted net position balance enables the Agency to meet working capital and cash flow requirements, as well as to provide for future uncertainties. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The results of this year's operations for the Agency as a whole are reported in the condensed statement of activities below, which shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	(in millions)		(in millions)	
Revenue				
Program revenue:				
Charges for services	\$ 7.7	\$ 6.6	\$ 1.7	\$ 2.3
Operating grants	45.2	41.7	-	-
General revenue:				
Taxes	49.6	47.9	-	-
State aid not restricted to specific purposes	5.3	5.9	-	-
Other	0.6	0.4	-	-
Total revenue	108.4	102.5	1.7	2.3
Expenses				
Instruction	24.6	23.4	-	-
Support services	37.5	33.9	-	-
Community services	5.1	4.3	-	-
Intergovernmental transfers	41.2	39.7	-	-
Debt service	0.2	0.2	-	-
Depreciation expense (unallocated)	1.0	1.0	-	-
Technology services	-	-	2.1	2.5
Total expenses	109.6	102.5	2.1	2.5
Transfers	(0.4)	(0.2)	0.4	0.2
Change in Net Position	(1.6)	(0.2)	-	-
Net Position - Beginning of year	(60.9)	(60.7)	(1.1)	(1.1)
Net Position - End of year	\$ (62.5)	\$ (60.9)	\$ (1.1)	\$ (1.1)

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$109.6 million. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs (\$7.7 million) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$45.2 million). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$49.6 million in taxes, \$5.3 million in state foundation allowance, and with our other revenue (i.e., interest and general entitlements). The Agency experienced a decrease in net position of \$(1.6) million.

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all business-type activities this year was \$2.1 million and was funded entirely by those who benefited from the services.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the Agency's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted state aid constitute the vast majority of district operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the Agency and balance those needs with state-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

The Agency joined with other adjoining intermediate school districts to develop a technology services consortium. The business-type activities show the results for this collaborative venture. The cost of our business-type activities this year was \$2.1 million, which included the effects of GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 75 and the business-type activities proportionate share of the pension and OPEB liabilities. These activities were funded by those who benefited from the services provided (\$1.7 million) and a transfer from the Agency (\$0.4 million).

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Agency's Funds

As we noted earlier, the Agency uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the Agency is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the Agency's overall financial health.

As the Agency completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12.3 million, which is an increase of \$1.8 million from last year. General Fund fund balance is available to fund costs related to allowable agency operating purposes. The Special Education Fund fund balance is available to fund future costs related to the Agency's special education programs. The Debt Service Fund fund balance will fund future debt service payments, and the capital projects funds fund balances are available to fund capital project needs within the Agency.

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Agency revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenue and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was adopted in June 2019. A schedule showing the Agency's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplemental information of these financial statements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund's actual revenue was \$48.1 million. That amount is above the original budget estimate of \$47.1 million and below the final amended budget of \$48.2 million. The \$0.1 million variance between the final amended budget and the 2019 actual results was due to the deferral of federal, state, and local grants received in the current fiscal year to be spent in the next fiscal year.

The actual expenditures and other financing uses of the General Fund were \$48.0 million and below the final amended budget of \$48.2 million. The \$0.2 million variance between the final amended budget and the 2019 actual results was primarily due to the anticipation of fully expending grant revenue. Expenditures related to these grants will be incurred in the next fiscal year.

The General Fund had total revenue of \$48.1 million and total expenditures and transfers of \$48.0 million, with an ending fund balance of \$7.0 million.

Special Education Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Special Education Fund's actual revenue was \$57.6 million. That amount is above the original budget estimate of \$51.8 million and above the final amended budget of \$57.3 million.

The actual expenditures and other financing uses of the Special Education Fund were \$56.6 million and are below the final amended budget of \$57.5 million. The \$0.9 million variance between the final amended budget and the 2019 actual results was primarily due to the anticipation of fully expending grant revenue. Expenditures related to these grants will be incurred in the next fiscal year.

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2019, the Agency had \$26.3 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, furniture, and equipment:

	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2018
Land	\$ 390,377	\$ 390,377
Construction in progress	-	47,770
Buildings and improvements	34,738,542	34,572,807
Furniture and equipment	7,105,236	6,832,316
Total capital assets	42,234,155	41,843,270
Less accumulated depreciation	15,909,126	14,886,022
Total capital assets - Net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 26,325,029	\$ 26,957,248

Debt

At the end of this year, the Agency had \$5.4 million in bonds outstanding versus \$8.1 million in the previous year, a change of approximately 33.3 percent.

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the Agency's boundaries. If the Agency issues "qualified debt" (i.e., debt backed by the State of Michigan), such obligations are not subject to this debt limit. The Agency's outstanding unqualified general obligation debt of \$5.4 million is significantly below the State's statutorily imposed limit.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay, sick leave, and early retirement incentive. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	\$ 16,334,524	\$ 50,754	\$ 16,385,278
Receivables:			
Taxes receivable	158,939	-	158,939
Accounts receivable	1,983,821	71,115	2,054,936
Due from other governments	7,940,959	-	7,940,959
Internal balances (Note 7)	-	201,663	201,663
Inventories	108,332	-	108,332
Prepaid assets	85,307	-	85,307
Restricted assets (Note 4)	370,172	-	370,172
Capital assets - Net (Note 6)	26,325,029	-	26,325,029
Total assets	53,307,083	323,532	53,630,615
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred charges on bond refunding (Note 8)	93,277	-	93,277
Deferred pension costs (Note 10)	35,103,784	591,761	35,695,545
Deferred OPEB costs (Note 10)	6,296,454	99,914	6,396,368
Total deferred outflows of resources	41,493,515	691,675	42,185,190
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,817,097	1,895	1,818,992
Due to other governmental units	3,009,945	-	3,009,945
Internal balances (Note 7)	196,493	-	196,493
Accrued payroll and other liabilities	3,729,962	22,701	3,752,663
Unearned revenue (Note 5)	4,213,665	-	4,213,665
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year (Note 8)	3,709,223	-	3,709,223
Due in more than one year:			
Early termination obligation (Note 8)	1,292,064	-	1,292,064
Net pension liability (Note 10)	94,257,640	1,423,831	95,681,471
Net OPEB liability (Note 10)	25,894,976	354,952	26,249,928
Bonds and contracts payable - Net of current portion	2,590,000	-	2,590,000
Total liabilities	140,711,065	1,803,379	142,514,444
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the report date (Note 10)	3,608,560	52,664	3,661,224
Deferred pension costs (Note 10)	7,160,135	138,924	7,299,059
Deferred OPEB costs (Note 10)	5,798,517	102,984	5,901,501
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,567,212	294,572	16,861,784
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	21,043,306	-	21,043,306
Restricted - Debt service	354,662	-	354,662
Unrestricted	(83,875,647)	(1,082,744)	(84,958,391)
Total net position	\$ (62,477,679)	\$ (1,082,744)	\$ (63,560,423)

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenue		Primary Government		Total
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
Instruction	\$ 24,643,114	\$ 9,564	\$ 15,181,655	\$ (9,451,895)	\$ -	\$ (9,451,895)
Support services	37,442,493	7,287,429	16,768,537	(13,386,527)	-	(13,386,527)
Community services	5,132,954	384,996	5,266,203	518,245	-	518,245
Intergovernmental transfers	41,231,700	-	8,029,862	(33,201,838)	-	(33,201,838)
Interest	186,407	-	-	(186,407)	-	(186,407)
Depreciation expense (unallocated)	1,034,684	-	-	(1,034,684)	-	(1,034,684)
Total governmental activities	109,671,352	7,681,989	45,246,257	(56,743,106)	-	(56,743,106)
Business-type activities - Technology	2,085,102	1,774,746	-	-	(310,356)	(310,356)
Total primary government	<u>\$ 111,756,454</u>	<u>\$ 9,456,735</u>	<u>\$ 45,246,257</u>	(56,743,106)	(310,356)	(57,053,462)
General revenue:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes levied for general purposes				12,719,817	-	12,719,817
Property taxes levied for debt service				2,958,605	-	2,958,605
Property taxes levied for special education (ISD)				33,983,715	-	33,983,715
State aid not restricted to specific purposes				5,334,288	-	5,334,288
Interest and investment earnings				215,823	183	216,006
Other				389,349	-	389,349
Total general revenue				55,601,597	183	55,601,780
Transfers				(400,000)	400,000	-
Change in Net Position				(1,541,509)	89,827	(1,451,682)
Net Position - Beginning of year				(60,936,170)	(1,172,571)	(62,108,741)
Net Position - End of year				<u>\$ (62,477,679)</u>	<u>\$ (1,082,744)</u>	<u>\$ (63,560,423)</u>

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Special Education Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$ 9,665,724	\$ 4,218,991	\$ 2,449,809	\$ 16,334,524
Receivables:				
Taxes receivable	40,814	109,066	9,059	158,939
Accounts receivable	1,701,553	282,060	208	1,983,821
Due from other governments	4,333,156	3,607,803	-	7,940,959
Due from other funds (Note 7)	5,170	1,068,401	400,000	1,473,571
Inventories	108,332	-	-	108,332
Prepaid assets	23,220	62,087	-	85,307
Restricted assets (Note 4)	-	-	370,172	370,172
	<u>\$ 15,877,969</u>	<u>\$ 9,348,408</u>	<u>\$ 3,229,248</u>	<u>\$ 28,455,625</u>
Total assets				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,275,254	\$ 517,399	\$ 24,444	\$ 1,817,097
Due to other governmental units	46,205	2,963,740	-	3,009,945
Due to other funds (Note 7)	1,866,687	1,346,105	-	3,212,792
Accrued payroll and other liabilities	1,642,651	2,071,365	-	3,714,016
Unearned revenue (Note 5)	4,009,786	203,879	-	4,213,665
	<u>8,840,583</u>	<u>7,102,488</u>	<u>24,444</u>	<u>15,967,515</u>
Total liabilities				
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Unavailable revenue (Note 5)				
	<u>38,889</u>	<u>103,971</u>	<u>8,635</u>	<u>151,495</u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	<u>8,879,472</u>	<u>7,206,459</u>	<u>33,079</u>	<u>16,119,010</u>
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable:				
Inventory	108,332	-	-	108,332
Prepaid assets	23,220	62,087	-	85,307
Restricted:				
Debt service	-	-	370,608	370,608
Special education	-	2,079,862	-	2,079,862
Committed - Building and site improvements:				
Capital projects	-	-	1,276,347	1,276,347
Building operating budgets	-	-	1,549,214	1,549,214
Assigned:				
Budgeted use of fund balance for 2019- 2020	196,552	-	-	196,552
Regional transportation and safety institute	299,993	-	-	299,993
Unassigned	<u>6,370,400</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,370,400</u>
Total fund balances	<u>6,998,497</u>	<u>2,141,949</u>	<u>3,196,169</u>	<u>12,336,615</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u>\$ 15,877,969</u>	<u>\$ 9,348,408</u>	<u>\$ 3,229,248</u>	<u>\$ 28,455,625</u>

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ 12,336,615
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:	
Cost of capital assets	42,234,155
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(15,909,126)</u>
Net capital assets used in governmental activities	26,325,029
Receivables that are not collected soon after year end are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds	151,495
Deferred inflows and outflows related to bond refundings are not reported in the funds	93,277
Bonds payable and capital lease obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(5,375,000)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds	(15,946)
Some employee fringe benefits are payable over a long period of years and do not represent a claim on current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as fund liabilities:	
Employee compensated absences	(673,560)
Early termination incentive obligations	(1,542,727)
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows	(66,313,991)
Retiree healthcare benefits	(25,397,039)
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position and is not reported in the funds	(3,608,560)
Internal service funds are included as part of governmental activities	<u>1,542,728</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ (62,477,679)</u>

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Special Education Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue				
Local sources	\$ 16,884,034	\$ 37,073,560	\$ 3,197,336	\$ 57,154,930
State sources	15,007,559	11,843,324	135,382	26,986,265
Federal sources	9,246,752	8,655,676	-	17,902,428
Interdistrict sources	7,004,148	-	-	7,004,148
Total revenue	48,142,493	57,572,560	3,332,718	109,047,771
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	4,673,158	17,975,694	-	22,648,852
Support services	19,403,919	15,072,777	-	34,476,696
Community services	4,754,937	20,413	-	4,775,350
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	2,710,000	2,710,000
Interest	-	-	138,351	138,351
Other	-	-	5,218	5,218
Capital outlay	495,707	234,570	135,674	865,951
Intergovernmental transfers	18,293,081	22,938,619	-	41,231,700
Total expenditures	47,620,802	56,242,073	2,989,243	106,852,118
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	521,691	1,330,487	343,475	2,195,653
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in (Note 7)	-	-	400,000	400,000
Transfers out (Note 7)	(400,000)	(400,000)	-	(800,000)
Total other financing (uses) sources	(400,000)	(400,000)	400,000	(400,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	121,691	930,487	743,475	1,795,653
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	6,876,806	1,211,462	2,452,694	10,540,962
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 6,998,497	\$ 2,141,949	\$ 3,196,169	\$ 12,336,615

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Governmental Funds
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ 1,795,653
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:	
Capitalized capital outlay	402,465
Depreciation expense	(1,034,684)
Revenue in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the funds until it is available	(55,475)
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(462,453)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt); amortization of premium/discounts and inflows/outflows related to bond refundings are not expenses in the governmental funds	2,659,122
Interest expense is recognized in the agency-wide statements as it accrues	8,040
Some employee costs (pension, OPEB, compensated absences, and early retirement incentives) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	(5,129,548)
Internal service funds are included as part of governmental activities	<u>275,371</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ (1,541,509)</u></u>

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Fund Technology Fund	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash (Note 4)	\$ 50,754	\$ -
Receivables - Other receivables	71,115	-
Due from other funds (Note 7)	244,915	1,542,728
Total assets	366,784	1,542,728
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred pension costs (Note 10)	591,761	-
Deferred OPEB costs (Note 10)	99,914	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	691,675	-
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	1,895	-
Due to other funds (Note 7)	43,252	-
Accrued payroll and other liabilities	22,701	-
Total current liabilities	67,848	-
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Net pension liability (Note 10)	1,423,831	-
Net OPEB liability (Note 10)	354,952	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,778,783	-
Total liabilities	1,846,631	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources (Note 10)		
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the report date	52,664	-
Deferred pension costs	138,924	-
Deferred OPEB costs	102,984	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	294,572	-
Net Position - Unrestricted	\$ (1,082,744)	\$ 1,542,728

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Enterprise Fund</u>	<u>Governmental</u>
	<u>Technology</u>	<u>Internal Service</u>
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>
Operating Revenue		
Charges to other funds	\$ -	\$ 426,803
Charges to other districts	1,774,746	-
Total operating revenue	1,774,746	426,803
Operating Expenses		
Technology support expenses	2,085,102	-
Retirement program benefits	-	151,432
Total operating expenses	2,085,102	151,432
Operating (Loss) Income	(310,356)	275,371
Nonoperating Revenue - Interest and investment earnings	183	-
Transfers In (Note 7)	400,000	-
Change in Net Position	89,827	275,371
Net Position - Beginning of year	(1,172,571)	1,267,357
Net Position - End of year	<u>\$ (1,082,744)</u>	<u>\$ 1,542,728</u>

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities
	Technology Fund	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from interfund services and other governments	\$ 2,129,119	\$ -
Payments for supplies and purchased services	(1,260,067)	-
Payments to employees and fringes	(748,665)	-
Payments to other funds	(150,197)	-
	<u>(29,810)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	(29,810)	-
Cash Flows Provided by Investing Activities - Interest received on investments	<u>183</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Decrease in Cash	(29,627)	-
Cash - Beginning of year	<u>80,381</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash - End of year	<u><u>\$ 50,754</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities		
Operating (loss) income	\$ (310,356)	\$ 275,371
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income to net cash from operating activities -		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	(53,529)	-
Due to and from other funds	249,803	(275,371)
Inventories and prepaid assets	4,465	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(188,633)	-
Net pension liability	281,533	-
Net OPEB liability	(13,093)	-
	<u>280,546</u>	<u>(275,371)</u>
Total adjustments	280,546	(275,371)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u><u>\$ (29,810)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

June 30, 2019

	Student Activities Agency Fund
Assets	
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$ 208,067
Receivables	32,300
Total assets	\$ 240,367
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 915
Due to student groups	234,282
Due to other funds (Note 7)	5,170
Total liabilities	\$ 240,367

June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Nature of Business

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency (the "Agency") is a regional educational service agency in the state of Michigan that provides educational services to students.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The Agency follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Agency:

Reporting Entity

The Agency is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. In accordance with government accounting principles, there are no separate legal entities appropriate to be reported within these financial statements.

Report Presentation

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives, the agency-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The agency-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. The agency-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes, unrestricted intergovernmental receipts, and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the agency-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the agency-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The Agency accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how it spends certain resources; separate funds allow the Agency to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenue is used. The various funds are aggregated into three broad fund types:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. Governmental funds can include the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds. The Agency reports the following funds as “major” governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the primary operating fund because it accounts for all financial resources of the Agency other than those specifically assigned to another fund.
- The Special Education Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for resources that provide special education programs for the Agency. These programs are funded primarily by taxes, state aid categoricals, Medicaid funding, and federal grants. Any operating deficit generated by these activities is the responsibility of the General Fund.

Additionally, the Agency reports the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

- Capital projects funds are used to account for nonbond-funded resources specifically designed for the acquisition and construction of facilities and for major capital improvements. The Agency has the General Education Capital Projects Fund and the Special Education Capital Projects Fund for related improvements.
- The Debt Service Fund is used to record tax, interest, and state aid revenue and the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt related to the 2017 Refunding Bonds.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds include enterprise funds (which provide goods or services to users in exchange for charges or fees) and internal service funds (which provide goods or services to other funds of the Agency). The Agency reports the following funds as “major” enterprise funds:

- The Technology Fund is an enterprise fund used to account for the operations of the Agency's Technology Services Consortium.
- The Internal Service Fund accounts for retirement incentives provided to retirees of the Agency.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include amounts held in a fiduciary capacity for others. These amounts are not used to operate the Agency's programs. The Agency maintains a Student Activities Agency Fund to record the transactions of student groups for school and school-related purposes. The funds are segregated and are held for the students.

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at amortized cost.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Receivables

In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as “due to/from other funds.” Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as “advances to/from other funds.” Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the agency-wide financial statements as “internal balances.” The Agency considers all receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both agency-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

The unspent property tax revenue and related interest of the Debt Service Fund require amounts to be set aside for future bond payments. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the agency-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Agency as assets with initial individual costs of more than \$5,000 and estimated useful lives in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	<u>Depreciable Life - Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	20 to 50
Furniture and equipment	5 to 20
Vehicles	5 to 20

Long-term Obligations

In the agency-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances and premiums as “other financing sources” and bond discounts as “other financing uses.” The General Fund and Debt Service Fund are generally used to liquidate governmental long-term debt.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The Agency reports deferred outflows related to deferred charges on refundings and deferred pension and OPEB costs.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Agency reports deferred inflows related to revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and deferred pension and OPEB cost reductions.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Agency itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Agency's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Agency that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Agency has, by resolution, authorized the assistant superintendent to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes are levied on July 1 and December 1 by the 27 municipalities within the Agency's boundaries. Property tax revenue is recognized when levied to the extent it is deemed to be collectible. The municipalities bill and collect property taxes until March 15, at which time real property taxes are turned over to the counties for reimbursement from their revolving tax funds. The municipalities continue to collect delinquent personal property taxes. The Agency considers all receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

For the purpose of measuring the net pension and net OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each plan, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) and additions to/deductions from MPERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPERS. MPERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expenses when due and payable in accordance with the plan benefit terms. Related plan investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences and Early Retirement Incentive

It is the Agency's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. Sick pay is accrued for the estimated amount that the Agency will pay upon employment termination; vacation pay is accrued when incurred. Both of these are reported in the agency-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end. Generally, the funds that report each employee's compensation are used to liquidate the obligations.

A liability for retirement incentives reported in the agency-wide statements consists of payments due to individuals who were eligible and elected to accept the incentive offer. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds as it comes due for payment. The compensated absences liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments at the normal retirement age and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon normal retirement are included.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. The Agency is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Agency's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2020.

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The Agency is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Agency's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2021.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the General Fund and all special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the Agency to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. The Agency changed budgeted amounts during the year in response to revised revenue estimates.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders and contracts) are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

The Agency did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

Fund Deficits

Under Michigan law, agencies are required to maintain positive fund balance in each fund. The Agency has an accumulated net position deficit in the Technology Fund. This deficit is due to the inclusion of the Technology Fund's proportionate share of the net pension and net OPEB liabilities, and will be eliminated through future required contributions to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes and the Agency's investment policy authorize the Agency to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The Agency is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The Agency's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Agency has designated two financial institutions for the deposit of its funds.

The Agency's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned to it. The Agency has a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the Agency had \$7,698,277 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Agency believes that, due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Agency evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Agency will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Agency's policy for custodial credit risk states custodial credit risk will be minimized by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by state law, as described in the policy, and by prequalifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the Agency will do business using the criteria established in the investment policy. At June 30, 2019, the Agency does not have investments with custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The Agency's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. The Agency's policy minimizes interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools; and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Agency's cash requirements.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Agency has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Amortized Cost</u>	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Rating Organization</u>
Michigan Liquid Asset Fund - MAX Class	\$ 9,946,088	AAAm	S&P

Investment Restrictions

The Michigan Liquid Asset Fund - MAX Class investment may not be redeemed for at least 14 calendar days with the exception of direct investments of funds distributed by the State of Michigan. In addition, redemptions made prior to the 14-day period are subject to a penalty equal to 15 days' interest on the amount so redeemed.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Agency's investment policy minimizes concentration of credit risk by requiring diversification of the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. The Agency does not have any investments subject to concentration of credit risk.

June 30, 2019

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. State law and the Agency's investment policy prohibit investments in foreign currency.

Note 5 - Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

At June 30, 2019, the various components of unearned and unavailable revenue were as follows:

	Governmental Funds	
	Deferred Inflow - Unavailable	Liability - Unearned
Delinquent property taxes	\$ 151,495	\$ -
Grant and categorical aid payment received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements	-	4,213,665
Total	<u>\$ 151,495</u>	<u>\$ 4,213,665</u>

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Agency's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Balance July 1, 2018	Reclassifications	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 390,377	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 390,377
Construction in progress	47,770	(47,770)	-	-	-
Subtotal	438,147	(47,770)	-	-	390,377
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	34,572,807	47,770	117,965	-	34,738,542
Vehicles, furniture, and equipment	6,820,736	-	284,500	-	7,105,236
Subtotal	41,393,543	47,770	402,465	-	41,843,778
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	8,843,997	-	743,536	-	9,587,533
Vehicles, furniture, and equipment	6,030,445	-	291,148	-	6,321,593
Subtotal	14,874,442	-	1,034,684	-	15,909,126
Net capital assets being depreciated	26,519,101	47,770	(632,219)	-	25,934,652
Net governmental activities capital assets	<u>\$ 26,957,248</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (632,219)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 26,325,029</u>

Note 6 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type Activities

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2019
Capital assets being depreciated - Furniture and equipment	\$ 11,580	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,580
Accumulated depreciation - Furniture and equipment	11,580	-	-	11,580
Net business-type activity capital assets	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities, as the Agency considers its assets to benefit multiple activities, and allocation is not practical.

Construction Commitments

The Agency had no construction commitments at year end.

Note 7 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Fund Due To	Fund Due From				Total
	General Fund	Special Education Fund	Enterprise Fund - Technology Fund	Fiduciary Fund - Student Activities Agency Fund	
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,170	\$ 5,170
Special Education Fund	1,068,401	-	-	-	1,068,401
Internal Service Fund	553,371	946,105	43,252	-	1,542,728
Enterprise fund - Technology Fund	244,915	-	-	-	244,915
Nonmajor governmental funds	-	400,000	-	-	400,000
Total	<u>\$ 1,866,687</u>	<u>\$ 1,346,105</u>	<u>\$ 43,252</u>	<u>\$ 5,170</u>	<u>\$ 3,261,214</u>

Interfund balances represent routine and temporary cash flow assistance until amounts are transferred from fund investment accounts.

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements are composed of the following:

Paying Fund (Transfer Out)	Receiving Fund (Transfer In)	Amount
General Fund	Technology Fund	\$ 400,000
Special Education Fund	Special Education Capital Projects Fund	400,000
	Total	<u>\$ 800,000</u>

Transfers from the General Fund to the Technology Fund are to provide funding for general operating. Transfers from the Special Education Fund to the Special Education Capital Projects Fund are to provide funding for future capital projects.

June 30, 2019

Note 8 - Long-term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 can be summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Bonds payable - Other debt -					
General obligations - Bonds	\$ 8,085,000	\$ -	\$ (2,710,000)	\$ 5,375,000	\$ 2,785,000
Compensated absences	649,470	334,447	(310,357)	673,560	673,560
Early termination obligation	1,267,356	426,804	(151,433)	1,542,727	250,663
	<u>\$ 10,001,826</u>	<u>\$ 761,251</u>	<u>\$ (3,171,790)</u>	<u>\$ 7,591,287</u>	<u>\$ 3,709,223</u>

At June 30, 2019, the Agency has \$93,277 of deferred charges related to the 2017 bond refunding outstanding.

General Obligation Bonds and Contracts

The Agency issues general obligation bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligations have been issued for governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Agency. The primary source of any required repayment is from the Agency's property tax levy; however, the State of Michigan may withhold the Agency's state aid funding in order to recover amounts it has paid on behalf of the Agency. General obligations outstanding at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Purpose	Remaining Annual Installments	Interest Rate	Maturing	Outstanding
\$8,235,000 2017 Refunding Bonds	2	1.78%	May 1, 2021	\$ 5,375,000

Other Long-term Liabilities

The liability for compensated absences reported in the agency-wide financial statements consists of earned but unused accumulated vacation and sick leave benefits. A liability for retirement incentives reported in the agency-wide statements consists of payments due to individuals who were eligible and elected to accept the incentive offer. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds as it comes due for payment. The compensated absences liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments at the normal retirement age and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon normal retirement are included.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Governmental Activities - Other Debt		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 2,785,000	\$ 89,890	\$ 2,874,890
2021	2,590,000	40,762	2,630,762
Total	<u>\$ 5,375,000</u>	<u>\$ 130,652</u>	<u>\$ 5,505,652</u>

Note 9 - Risk Management

The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Agency has purchased commercial insurance for property loss, torts, errors and omissions claims, and health, vision, and dental claims. The Agency participates in the SET-SEG risk pool for claims relating to workers' compensation. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The shared-risk pool program in which the Agency participates operates as a common risk-sharing management program for school districts in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The Agency participates in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS or the "System"), a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system governed by the State of Michigan that covers substantially all employees of the Agency. Certain agency employees also receive defined contribution retirement and healthcare benefits through the System. The System provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The System also provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the pension and postemployment healthcare plans. That report is available on the web at <http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools> or by writing to the Office of Retirement System at 7150 Harris Drive, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, MI 48909.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit (DB) pension plan and the postemployment healthcare plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit pension plan and the postemployment healthcare plan.

Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are calculated as final average compensation times years of services times a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. The requirements to retire range from attaining the age of 46 to 60 with years of service ranging from 5 to 30 years, depending on when the employee became a member. Early retirement is computed in the same manner as a regular pension, but is permanently reduced 0.50 percent for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Depending on the member's date of hire, MPSERS offers the option of participating in the defined contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50 percent employer match (up to 3 percent of salary) on employee contributions.

Members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100 percent of the participant's final average compensation, with an increase of 2 percent each year thereafter.

Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death and are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but with an actuarial reduction.

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefit terms provide for annual cost of living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent. Some members who do not receive an annual increase are eligible to receive a supplemental payment in those years in which investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions.

MPSERS provides medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by MPSERS, with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. Depending on the member's date of hire, this subsidized portion ranges from 80 percent to the maximum allowed by the statute.

Contributions

Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, required the Agency to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the state Legislature. Under these provisions, each school district's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Under the OPEB plan, retirees electing this coverage contribute an amount equivalent to the monthly cost for Part B Medicare and 10 percent, or 20 percent for those not Medicare eligible, of the monthly premium amount for the health, dental, and vision coverage at the time of receiving the benefits. The MPSERS board of trustees annually sets the employer contribution rate to fund the benefits. Participating employers are required to contribute at that rate.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3 percent contribution to the retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3 percent contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2 percent employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2 percent employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stopped paying the 3 percent contribution to the retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

The Agency's contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are multiple different pension and healthcare benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire and the elections available at that time. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS.

The range of rates is as follows:

	Pension	OPEB
October 1, 2017 - January 31, 2018	13.54% - 17.89%	7.42% - 7.67%
February 1, 2018 - September 30, 2018	13.54% - 19.74%	7.42% - 7.67%
October 1, 2018 - September 30, 2019	13.39% - 19.59%	7.57% - 7.93%

Depending on the plan selected, member pension contributions range from 0 percent up to 7.0 percent of gross wages. For certain plan members, a 4 percent employer contribution to the defined contribution pension plan is required. In addition, for certain plan members, a 3 percent employer match is provided to the defined contribution pension plan.

The Agency's required and actual pension contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$9,042,883, which include the Agency's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit. The Agency's required and actual pension contributions include an allocation of \$2,473,841 in revenue received from the State of Michigan and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) stabilization rate for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The Agency's required and actual OPEB contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$3,661,224, which include the Agency's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2019, the Agency reported a liability of \$95,681,471 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2017, which used updated procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2018. The Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Agency's proportion was 0.318283 percent and 0.304557 percent, respectively, representing a change of 4.5 percent.

Net OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2019, the Agency reported a liability of \$26,249,928 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for fiscal year 2019 was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2017, which used updated procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2018. The Agency's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Agency's proportion was 0.330231 and 0.305227 percent, respectively, representing a change of 8.2 percent.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended 2019, the Agency recognized pension expense of \$14,809,334, inclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL stabilization rate. At June 30, 2019, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 443,980	\$ (695,301)
Changes in assumptions	22,159,750	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	(6,542,180)
Changes in proportion and differences between the Agency's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	5,556,401	(61,578)
The Agency's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date	7,535,414	-
Total	<u>\$ 35,695,545</u>	<u>\$ (7,299,059)</u>

June 30, 2019

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The \$3,661,224 reported as deferred inflows of resources resulting from the pension portion of state aid payments received pursuant to the UAAL payment will be recognized as state appropriations revenue for the year ended June 30, 2019. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending	Amount
2020	\$ 8,761,270
2021	6,196,463
2022	4,226,944
2023	1,676,395
Total	<u>\$ 20,861,072</u>

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019,, the Agency recognized OPEB expense of \$1,689,238.

At June 30, 2019, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (4,885,786)
Changes in assumptions	2,779,881	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	(1,008,847)
Changes in proportionate share or difference between amount contributed and proportionate share of contributions	1,882,995	(6,868)
Employer contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date	1,733,492	-
Total	<u>\$ 6,396,368</u>	<u>\$ (5,901,501)</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (note that employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will reduce the net OPEB liability and, therefore, will not be included in future pension expense):

Years Ending	Amount
2020	\$ (361,347)
2021	(361,347)
2022	(361,347)
2023	(155,830)
2024	1,246
Total	<u>\$ (1,238,625)</u>

June 30, 2019

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability and total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2018 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2017 and rolled forward. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method		Entry age normal
Investment rate of return - Pension	6.00% - 7.05%	Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Investment rate of return - OPEB	7.50%	Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Salary increases	3.50% - 12.30%	Including wage inflation of 2.75% for 2019 and 3.50% for 2018
Healthcare cost trend rate - OPEB	7.50%	Year 1 graded to 3.0% year 12
Mortality basis		RP2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality tables, scaled 100% (retirees: 82% for males and 78% for females) and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP2017 from 2006
Cost of living pension adjustments	3.00%	Annual noncompounded for MIP members

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.00 to 7.05 percent as of September 30, 2018 depending on the plan option. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.15 percent as of September 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that district contributions will be made at statutorily required rates.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability and total OPEB liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	28.00 %	5.70 %
Private equity pools	18.00	9.20
International equity pools	16.00	7.20
Fixed-income pools	10.50	0.50
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00	3.90
Absolute return pools	15.50	5.20
Short-term investment pools	2.00	-
Total	100.00 %	

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Agency, calculated using the discount rate depending on the plan option. The following also reflects what the Agency's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percent Decrease (5.00 - 6.05%)	Current Rate (6.00 - 7.05%)	1 Percent Increase (7.00 - 8.05%)
Net pension liability of the Agency	\$ 125,622,382	\$ 95,681,471	\$ 70,805,442

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Agency, calculated using the current discount rate. It also reflects what the Agency's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percent Decrease (6.15%)	Current Rate (7.15%)	1 Percent Increase (8.15%)
Net OPEB liability of the Agency	\$ 31,512,504	\$ 26,249,928	\$ 21,823,458

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the School District, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate. It also reflects what the School District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percent Decrease (6.50%)	Current Rate (7.50%)	1 Percent Increase (8.50%)
Net OPEB liability of the Agency	\$ 21,590,276	\$ 26,249,928	\$ 31,595,499

Pension Plan and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial report.

Payable to the Pension Plan and OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2019, the Agency reported a payable of \$1,104,031 and \$196,006 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan and OPEB plan, respectively, required for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Note 11 - Tax Abatements

The Agency receives reduced property tax revenue as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (PA 198 of 1974) and brownfield redevelopment agreements granted by cities, villages, and townships within the boundaries of the Agency. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities or to rehabilitate historical facilities; brownfield redevelopment agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Agency's property tax revenue was reduced by approximately \$1,971,000 under these programs.

June 30, 2019

Note 11 - Tax Abatements (Continued)

The Agency is reimbursed for lost revenue caused by tax abatements on the operating millage of nonhomestead properties from the State of Michigan under the school aid formula. The Agency received approximately \$936,000 in reimbursements from the State of Michigan. The Agency is not reimbursed for lost revenue from debt service millages. There are no abatements made by the Agency.

Required Supplemental Information

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Under) Over <u>Final Budget</u>
Revenue				
Local sources	\$ 16,627,018	\$ 17,626,131	\$ 16,884,034	\$ (742,097)
State sources	15,109,241	15,504,793	15,007,559	(497,234)
Federal sources	8,698,784	9,729,917	9,246,752	(483,165)
Interdistrict sources	6,619,274	7,103,083	7,004,148	(98,935)
Total revenue	47,054,317	49,963,924	48,142,493	(1,821,431)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Basic programs	4,845,986	4,644,325	4,682,075	37,750
Added needs	20,000	22,145	12,461	(9,684)
Support services:				
Pupil	1,311,783	1,327,013	1,294,664	(32,349)
Instructional staff	5,158,805	5,749,950	5,669,058	(80,892)
General administration	496,050	533,189	501,318	(31,871)
School administration	419,333	434,978	428,849	(6,129)
Business	888,765	1,017,189	1,031,371	14,182
Operations and maintenance	1,122,871	1,196,668	1,170,458	(26,210)
Pupil transportation services	800,844	722,683	705,025	(17,658)
Central	8,932,196	9,444,678	9,071,515	(373,163)
Community services	4,702,134	5,797,817	4,760,927	(1,036,890)
Intergovernmental transfers	18,374,812	18,773,855	18,293,081	(480,774)
Total expenditures	47,073,579	49,664,490	47,620,802	(2,043,688)
Other Financing Uses - Transfers out	<u>(200,000)</u>	<u>(400,000)</u>	<u>(400,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(219,262)	(100,566)	121,691	222,257
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	<u>6,876,806</u>	<u>6,876,806</u>	<u>6,876,806</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$ 6,657,544</u>	<u>\$ 6,776,240</u>	<u>\$ 6,998,497</u>	<u>\$ 222,257</u>

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Education Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Over (Under) <u>Final Budget</u>
Revenue				
Local sources	\$ 36,301,265	\$ 36,843,462	\$ 37,073,560	\$ 230,098
State sources	7,010,418	11,796,470	11,843,324	46,854
Federal sources	8,444,600	8,655,676	8,655,676	-
Total revenue	51,756,283	57,295,608	57,572,560	276,952
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction - Added needs	15,597,408	19,218,607	18,092,257	(1,126,350)
Support services:				
Pupil	6,909,743	6,628,304	6,690,290	61,986
Instructional staff	3,542,613	3,785,653	3,893,366	107,713
General administration	186,684	189,147	188,436	(711)
School administration	114,055	121,382	102,488	(18,894)
Business	515,862	490,950	484,854	(6,096)
Operations and maintenance	1,796,242	1,928,850	1,872,573	(56,277)
Pupil transportation services	320,000	321,000	293,042	(27,958)
Central	1,615,507	1,651,526	1,665,735	14,209
Community services	-	41,000	20,413	(20,587)
Intergovernmental transfers	21,358,169	22,712,056	22,938,619	226,563
Total expenditures	51,956,283	57,088,475	56,242,073	(846,402)
Other Financing Uses - Transfers out	(200,000)	(400,000)	(400,000)	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(400,000)	(192,867)	930,487	1,123,354
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	1,211,462	1,211,462	1,211,462	-
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$ 811,462</u>	<u>\$ 1,018,595</u>	<u>\$ 2,141,949</u>	<u>\$ 1,123,354</u>

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of the Agency's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

	Last Five Plan Years				
	Plan Years Ended September 30				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Agency's proportion of the net pension liability	0.31828 %	0.30456 %	0.29347 %	0.28589 %	0.26398 %
Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 95,681,471	\$ 78,923,572	\$ 73,217,461	\$ 69,827,793	\$ 58,145,605
Agency's covered payroll	\$ 28,214,648	\$ 25,949,644	\$ 25,305,032	\$ 24,133,670	\$ 21,982,381
Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	339.12 %	304.14 %	289.34 %	289.34 %	264.51 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	62.12 %	63.96 %	63.01 %	62.92 %	66.20 %

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Pension Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

	Last Five Fiscal Years Years Ended June 30				
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 8,805,283	\$ 8,196,468	\$ 7,281,956	\$ 6,836,654	\$ 5,065,624
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	<u>8,805,283</u>	<u>8,196,468</u>	<u>7,281,956</u>	<u>6,836,654</u>	<u>5,065,624</u>
Contribution Deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Agency's Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 29,319,604	\$ 27,733,502	\$ 26,591,414	\$ 24,983,413	\$ 23,143,913
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	30.03 %	29.55 %	27.38 %	27.36 %	21.89 %

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Required Supplemental Information
Schedule of the Agency's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

	Last Two Plan Years	
	Plan Years Ended September 30	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Agency's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.33023 %	0.03523 %
Agency's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 26,249,928	\$ 27,029,254
Agency's covered employee payroll	\$ 28,214,648	\$ 25,949,644
Agency's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	93.04 %	104.16 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	43.10 %	36.53 %

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of OPEB Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

	Last Two Fiscal Years	
	Years Ended June 30	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 2,293,313	\$ 2,003,115
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	<u>2,293,313</u>	<u>2,003,115</u>
Contribution Deficiency	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Agency's Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 29,319,604	\$ 27,733,502
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	7.82 %	7.22 %

Pension Information

Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented in both of the pension-related schedules. The number of years currently presented represents the number of years since the accounting standard requiring these schedules first became applicable.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes of benefit assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30, except for the following:

- 2018 - The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.45 percent.
- 2017 - The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percent.

OPEB Information

Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented in both of the OPEB-related schedules. The number of years currently presented represents the number of years since the accounting standard requiring these schedules first became applicable.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes of benefit assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30, except for the following:

- 2018 - The discount rate used in the September 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.35 percent.

Other Supplemental Information

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2019

	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Funds		Total
		General Education Capital Projects Fund	Special Education Capital Projects Fund	
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 1,144,853	\$ 1,304,956	\$ 2,449,809
Receivables - Property taxes receivable	9,267	-	-	9,267
Due from other funds	-	-	400,000	400,000
Restricted assets	370,172	-	-	370,172
Total assets	\$ 379,439	\$ 1,144,853	\$ 1,704,956	\$ 3,229,248
Liabilities - Accounts payable	\$ 196	\$ 24,248	\$ -	\$ 24,444
Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,635	-	-	8,635
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	8,831	24,248	-	33,079
Fund Balances				
Restricted - Debt service	370,608	-	-	370,608
Committed - Building and site improvements	-	1,120,605	1,704,956	2,825,561
Total fund balances	370,608	1,120,605	1,704,956	3,196,169
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 379,439	\$ 1,144,853	\$ 1,704,956	\$ 3,229,248

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Funds		Total
		General Education Capital Projects Fund	Special Education Capital Projects Fund	
Revenue				
Local sources	\$ 2,827,718	\$ 341,009	\$ 28,609	\$ 3,197,336
State sources	135,382	-	-	135,382
Total revenue	2,963,100	341,009	28,609	3,332,718
Expenditures				
Debt service:				
Principal	2,710,000	-	-	2,710,000
Interest	138,351	-	-	138,351
Other	5,218	-	-	5,218
Capital outlay	-	135,674	-	135,674
Total expenditures	2,853,569	135,674	-	2,989,243
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	109,531	205,335	28,609	343,475
Other Financing Sources - Transfer in	-	-	400,000	400,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	109,531	205,335	428,609	743,475
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	261,077	915,270	1,276,347	2,452,694
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 370,608	\$ 1,120,605	\$ 1,704,956	\$ 3,196,169

Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency

Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness

June 30, 2019

<u>Years Ending June 30</u>	<u>Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency Principal</u>
2020	\$ 2,785,000
2021	<u>2,590,000</u>
Total remaining payments	<u>\$ 5,375,000</u>
Principal payments due	May 1 and November 1
Interest payments due	May 1 and November 1
Interest rate	1.78%
Original issue	<u>\$ 8,235,000</u>